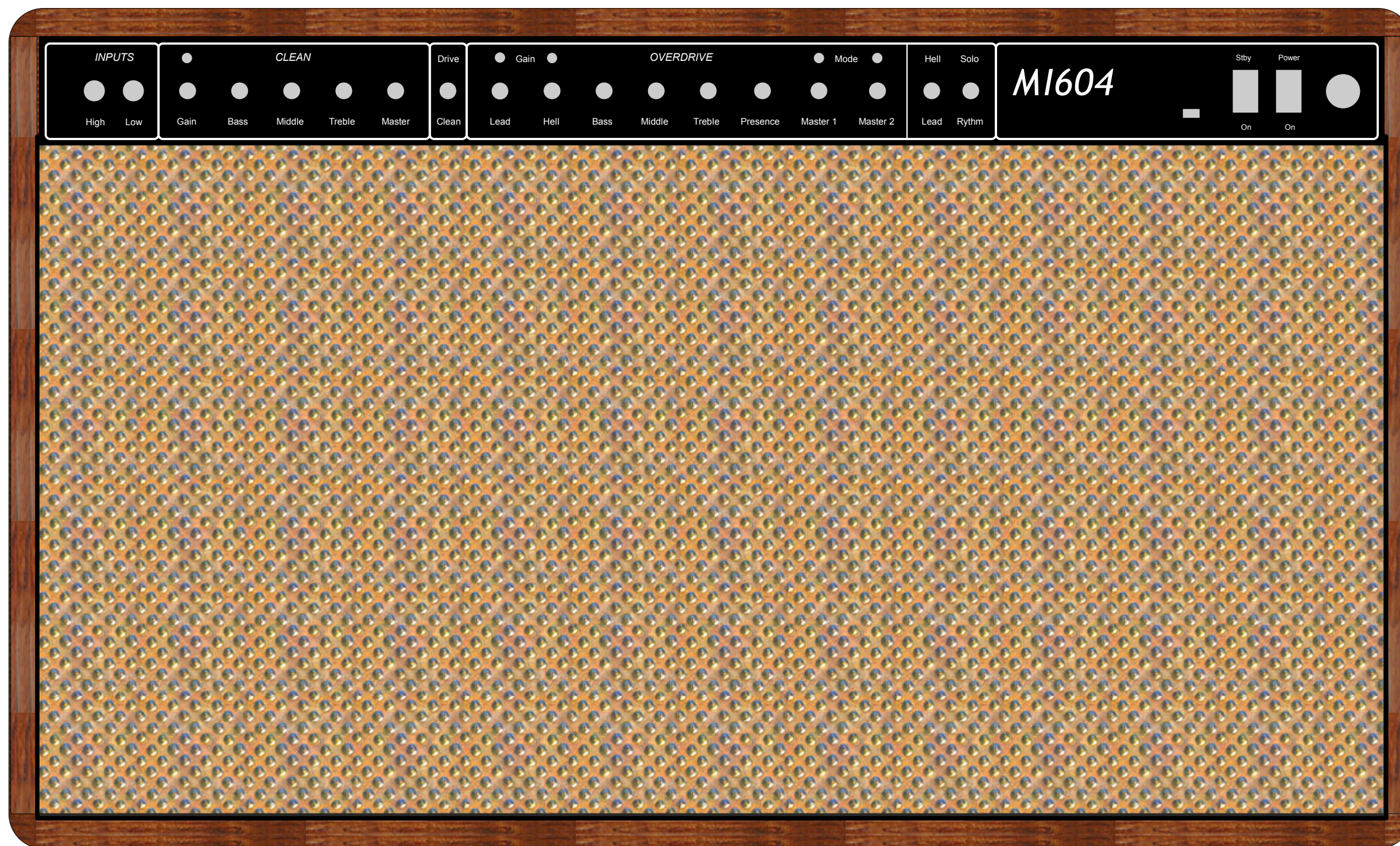
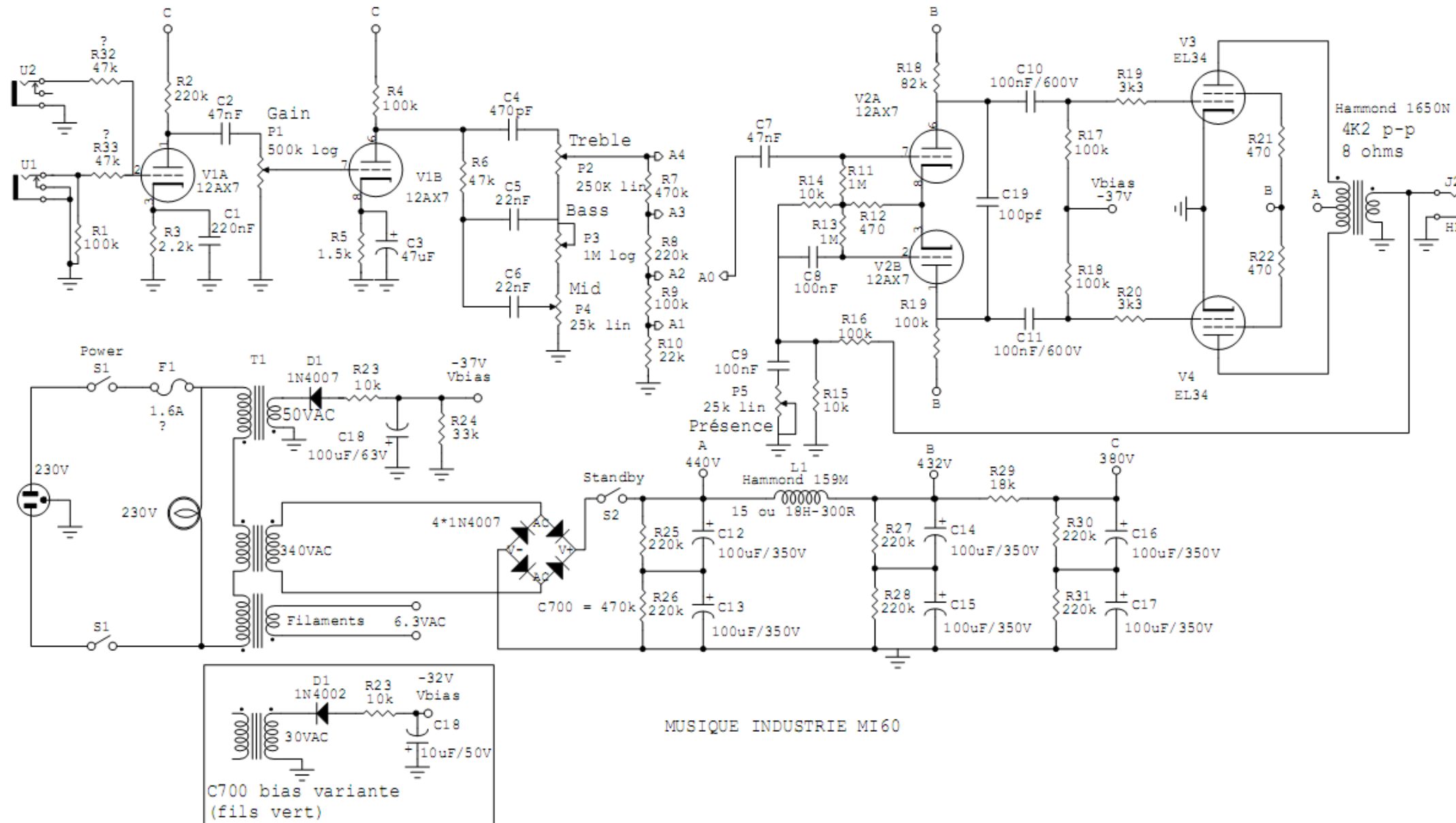


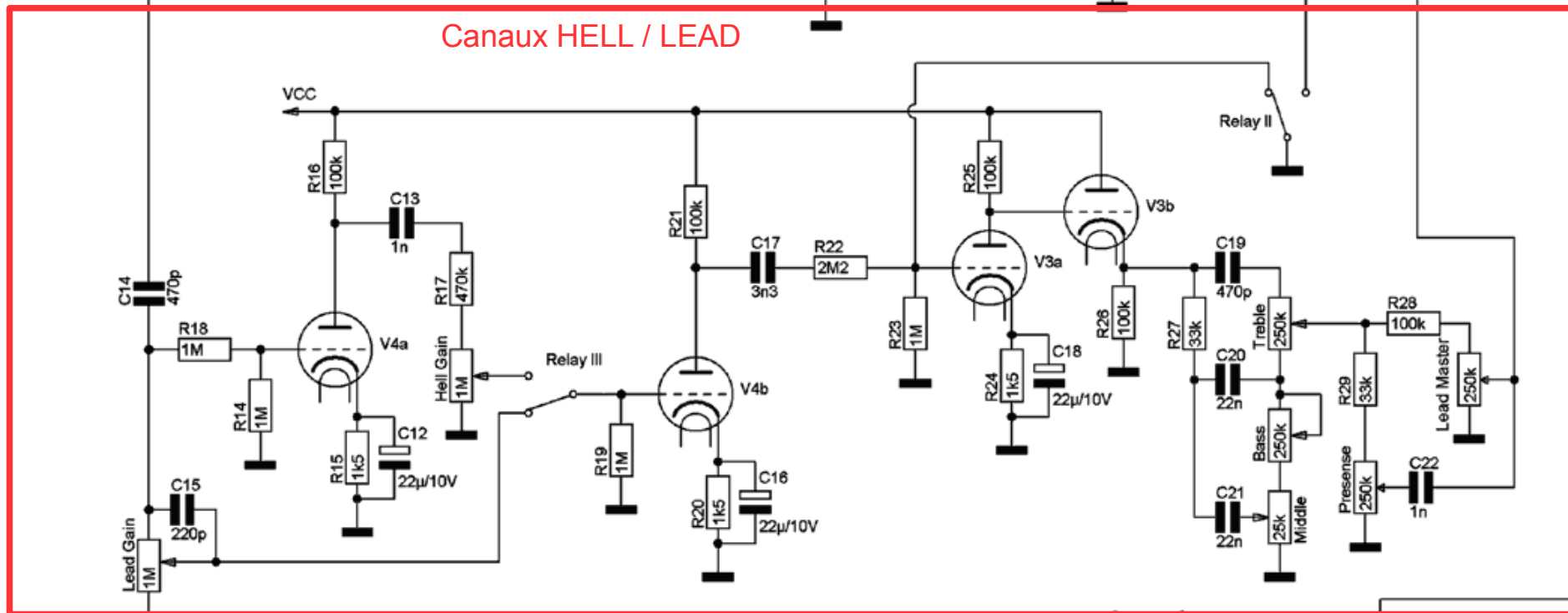
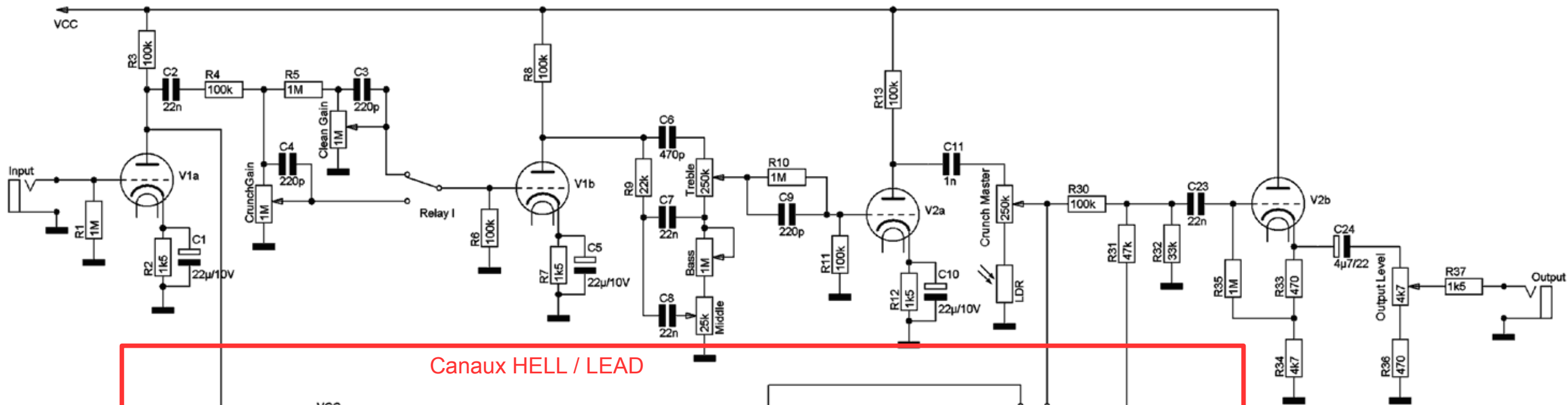
# Projet *MI604*



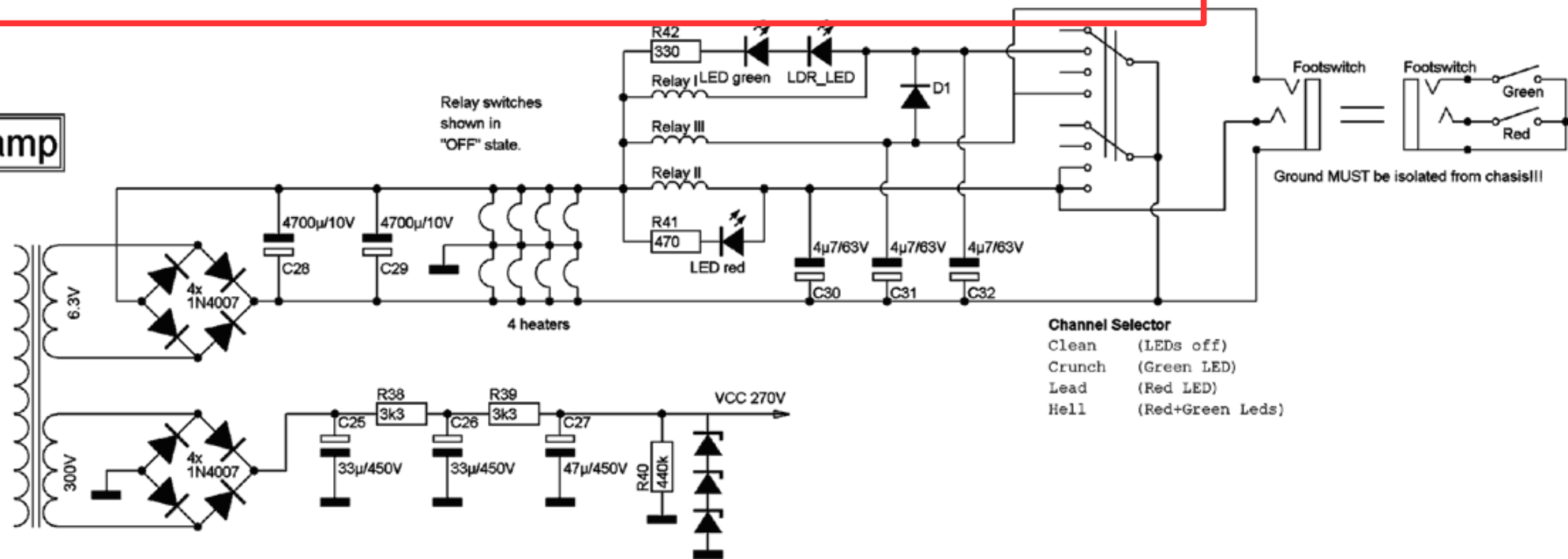
Dossier de conception d'un ampli guitare inspiré de l'ampli Musique Industrie MI60 et de l'overdrive du préampli Quattro Pro Kitty Hawk

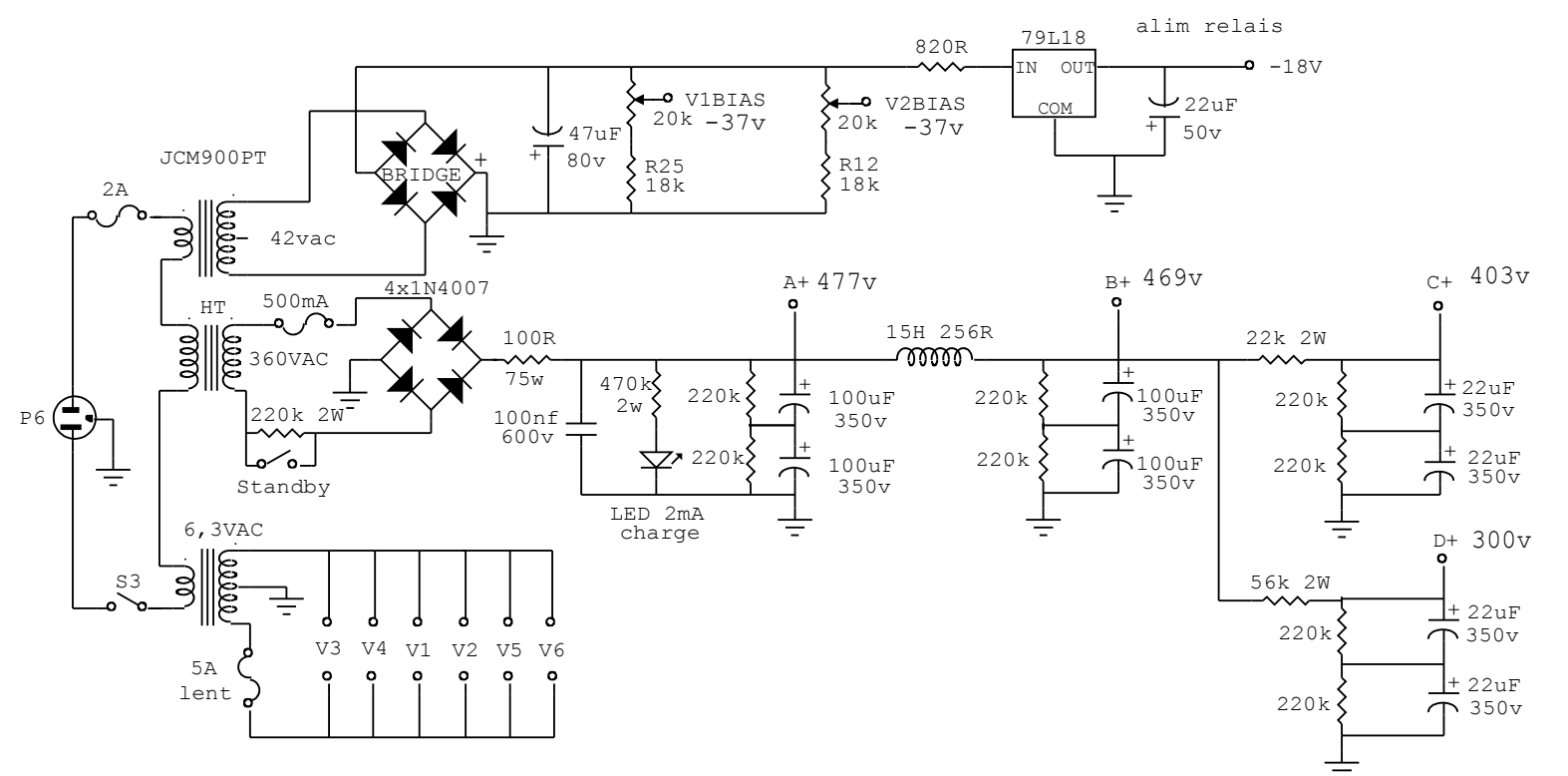
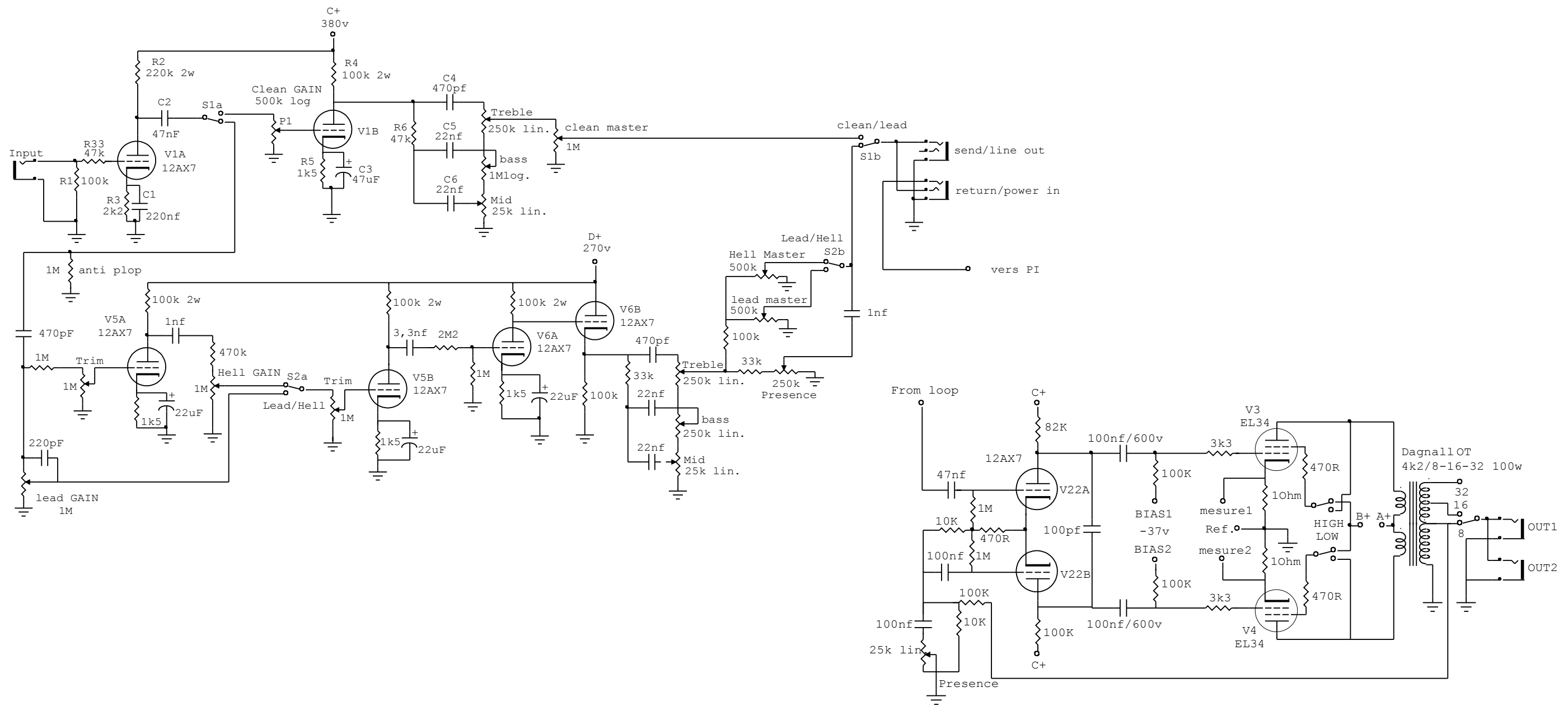
# Schéma original du MI60





# Kitty Hawk Quattro Preamp



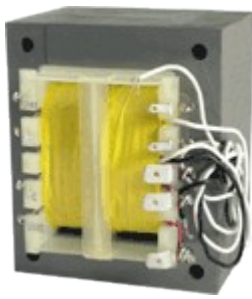


Les voltages sont indiqués en consommation à vide calculés avec 240v au primaire.

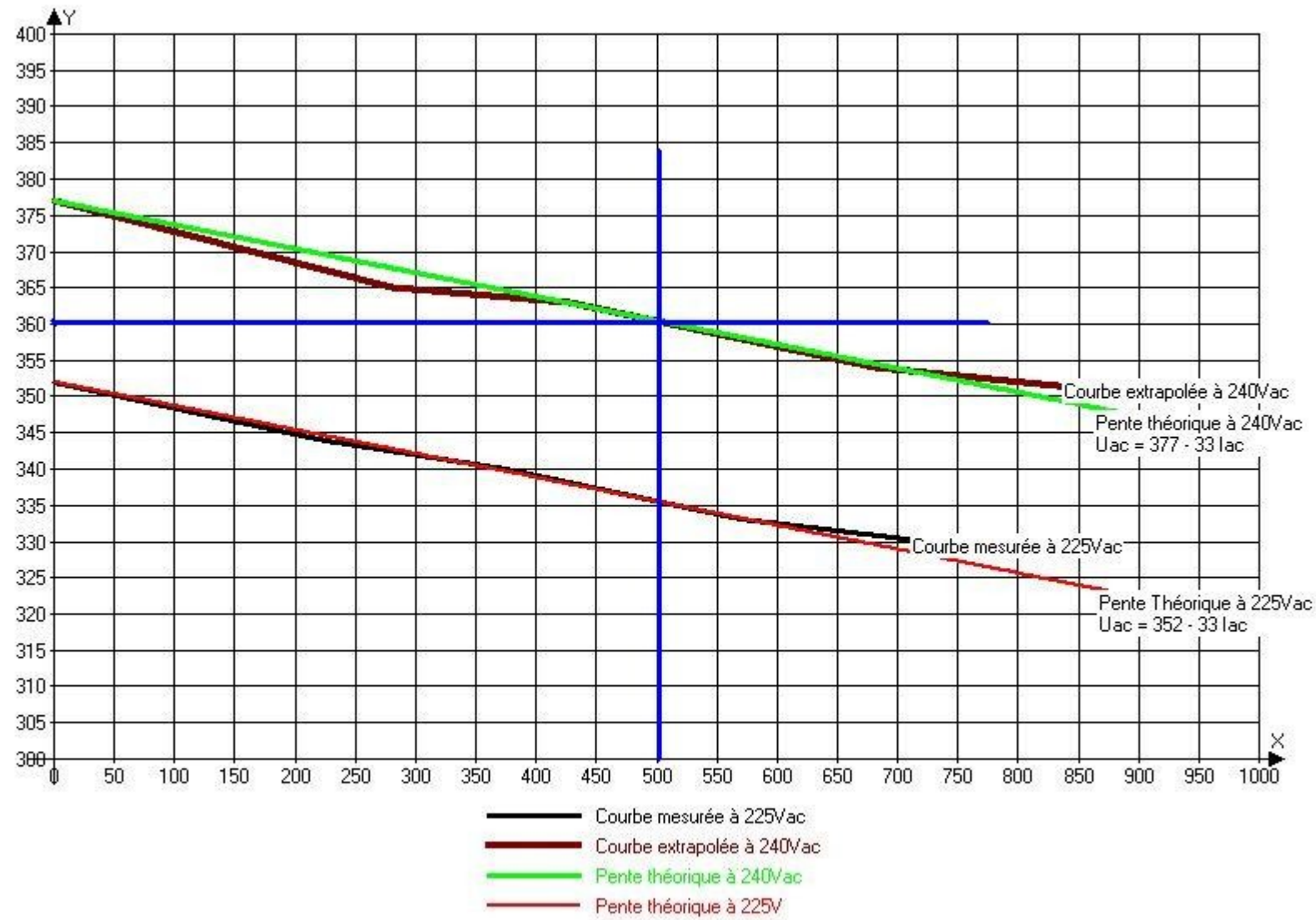
Voltages de référence du MI60 :

	Référence 230v	Référence variac 220v
A+	475v	438v
B+	468v	432v
C+	415v	386v

<b>MI604</b>	<b>MI604 schematic</b>
V1 - 20/11/2007	Schéma de principe - JFD

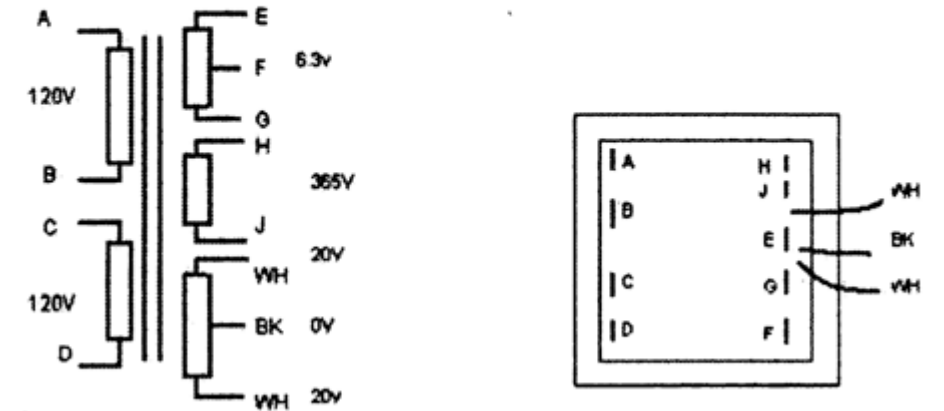


# Transformateur d'alimentation : Dagnall T5826 équipant les marshall JCM900 et JCM2000



Created with a trial version of Advanced Grapher - <http://www.alentum.com/agrapher/>

## JCM 900 100W POWER





**EL34**  
**Power Pentode**



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Cathode-heater maximum DC voltage	+/-120v
Allowable spot temperature on envel.	250 degrees C
Plate voltage, DC (at idle)	825 v
Plate voltage, DC, in triode connection	510 v
Screen voltage, DC, at idle	510 v
Control grid voltage, DC, at idle	-120 v
Cathode current, DC, at idle	165 mA
Plate dissipation, peak or idle	26 watts
Screen grid dissipation, peak or idle	8.5 watts
Control grid resistance, fixed bias	200k ohms

**Push-pull class B tetrode connection, fixed bias**

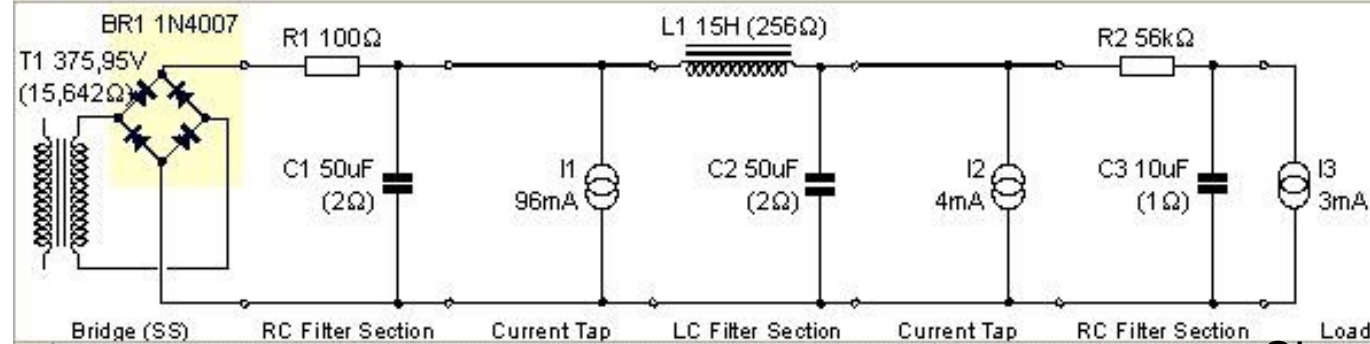
Plate voltage	500v DC
Screen voltage, both tubes	400v DC (750-ohm series resistor)
Plate current, idle	60 mA
Plate current, full power	250 mA
Grid bias	-36 v DC
Load resistance, plate-to-plate	4000 ohms
Output power	70 watts
Total harmonic distortion at 70w out	5%

**PHILIPS**

**EL34**

$R_{g2}$	=	750		750	$\Omega$ <sup>1)</sup>			
$V_{g1}$	=	-36		-39	V			
$V_{g3}$	=	0		0	V			
$V_i$	=	0	25,8	25,8	0	23,4	23,4	$V_{eff}$
$R_{aa}$	=	-	4	5	-	11	11	k $\Omega$
$V_{ba}$	=	500	500	475	800	800	750	V
$V_a$	=	495	475	450	795	775	725	V
$V_{bg2}$	=	400	400	375	400	400	375	V
$I_a$	=	2x30	2x125	2x102	2x25	2x91	2x84	mA
$I_{g2}$	=	2x4	2x25	2x25	2x3	2x19	2x19	mA
$W_o$	=	0	70	58	0	100	90	W
$d_{tot}$	=	-	5	6	-	5	6	%

Operating conditions class AB  
Caractéristiques d'utilisation classe AB  
Betriebsdaten Klasse AB



R1 = 100 Ohm / 50W mini

Prendre type SH ou RH50  
popé sur le chassis

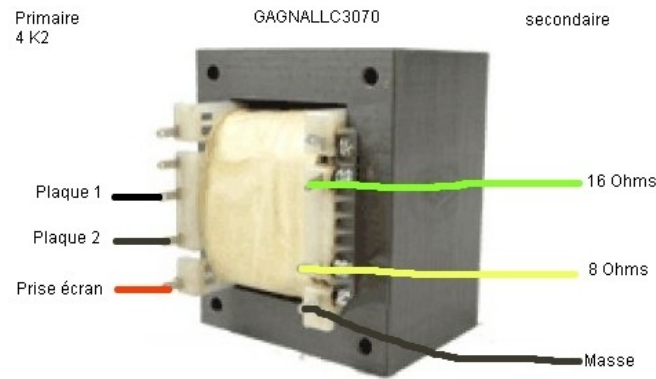
Simulation PP EL34

Simulate For 10 000 ms after a reporting delay of 0 s

Result	Min	Max	
<input type="checkbox"/> I(BR1)	-245,21u	3,0078	3
<input type="checkbox"/> I(C1)	-569,74m	2,8979	3
<input type="checkbox"/> I(C2)	-80,656m	465,85m	54
<input type="checkbox"/> I(C3)	-2,9999m	5,9460m	8,9
<input type="checkbox"/> I(I1)	96m	96m	
<input type="checkbox"/> I(I2)	4m	4m	
<input type="checkbox"/> I(I3)	0	3m	
<input type="checkbox"/> I(L1)	-68,462m	473,68m	54
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I(R1)	-245,21u	3,0078	3
<input type="checkbox"/> I(R2)	0	8,9460m	8,9
<input type="checkbox"/> I(T1)	-1,6736	3,0078	4
<input type="checkbox"/> V(BR1)	-524,37	1,0711	5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V(C1)	70,876m	494,93	4
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V(C2)	-11,992m	525,65	5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V(C3)	-15,000m	301,68	3
<input type="checkbox"/> V(I1)	70,876m	494,93	4
<input type="checkbox"/> V(I2)	-11,992m	525,64	5
<input type="checkbox"/> V(I3)	-15,000m	301,68	3
<input type="checkbox"/> V(L1)	-107,35	404,25	5
<input type="checkbox"/> V(R1)	-24,521m	300,78	3
<input type="checkbox"/> V(R2)	0	500,97	5
<input type="checkbox"/> V(T1)	-526,09	526,17	1,0



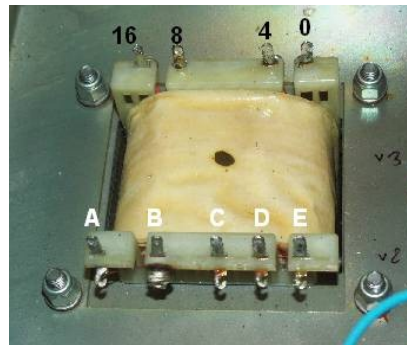
# Transformateur de sortie : Dagnall C3070 équipant les marshall JCM900 et JCM2000



Mesures transfo C3070 Marshall JCM900 4101 – 100w

En Ohms

	A	B	C	D	E
A		Isolé	25,3	7,3	9,3
B			Isolé	Isolé	Isolé
C				32,5	16,2
D					16,6
E					

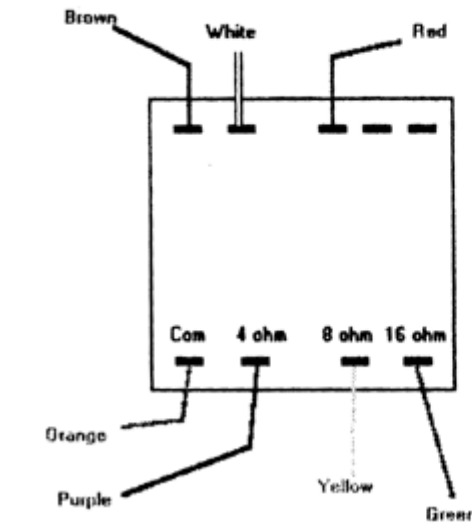


Branchement d'origine	
C	-> plaque 1
D	-> plaque 2
E	-> Prise écran

- Mesures de rapport d'impédances (electro suite gold) :
- sortie 4 Ohms : 57,8 arrondis à 58v -> 2,82v soit 2k05
- sortie 8 Ohms : 57,8 arrondis à 58v -> 4v soit 2k04
- sortie 16 Ohms : 57,8 arrondis à 58v -> 5,63v soit 2k05

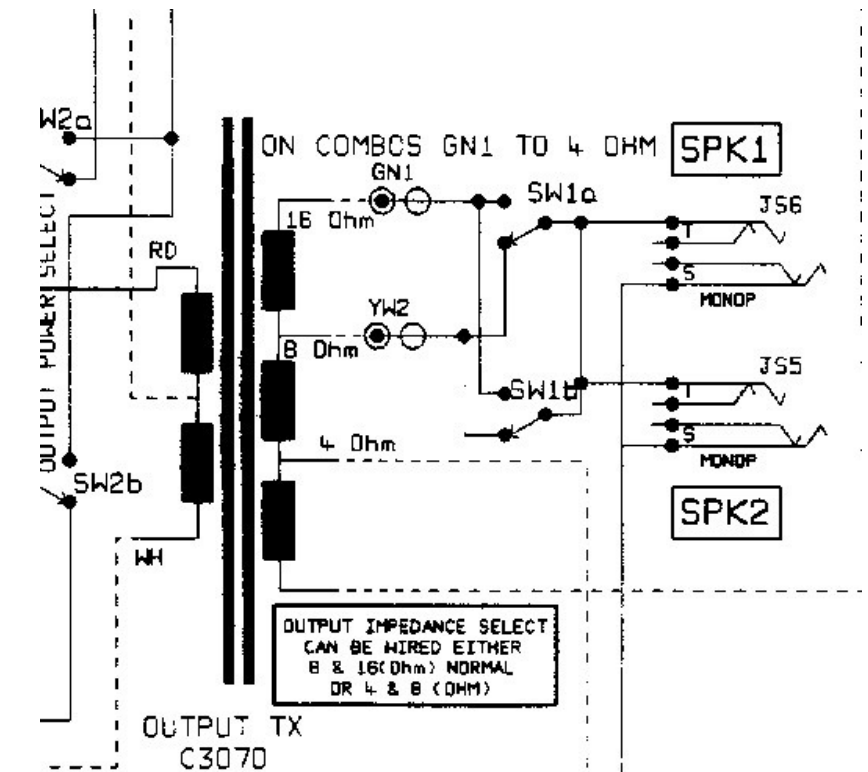
En utilisant une charge de 8 Ohms sur la sortie 4 Ohms du transformateur, on multiplie par deux la charge au primaire, ce qui donne entre 4k09 et 4k24, donc utilisable dans le projet MI60 (OT d'origine à 4k2/8Ohms). On pourra donc utiliser respectivement les sorties 4, 8 et 16 Ohms avec des charges de 8, 16, et 32 Ohms pour une puissance maximale admissible de 100w.

## JCM 900 series Output X-formers Conversions for 16,8, and 4 ohms

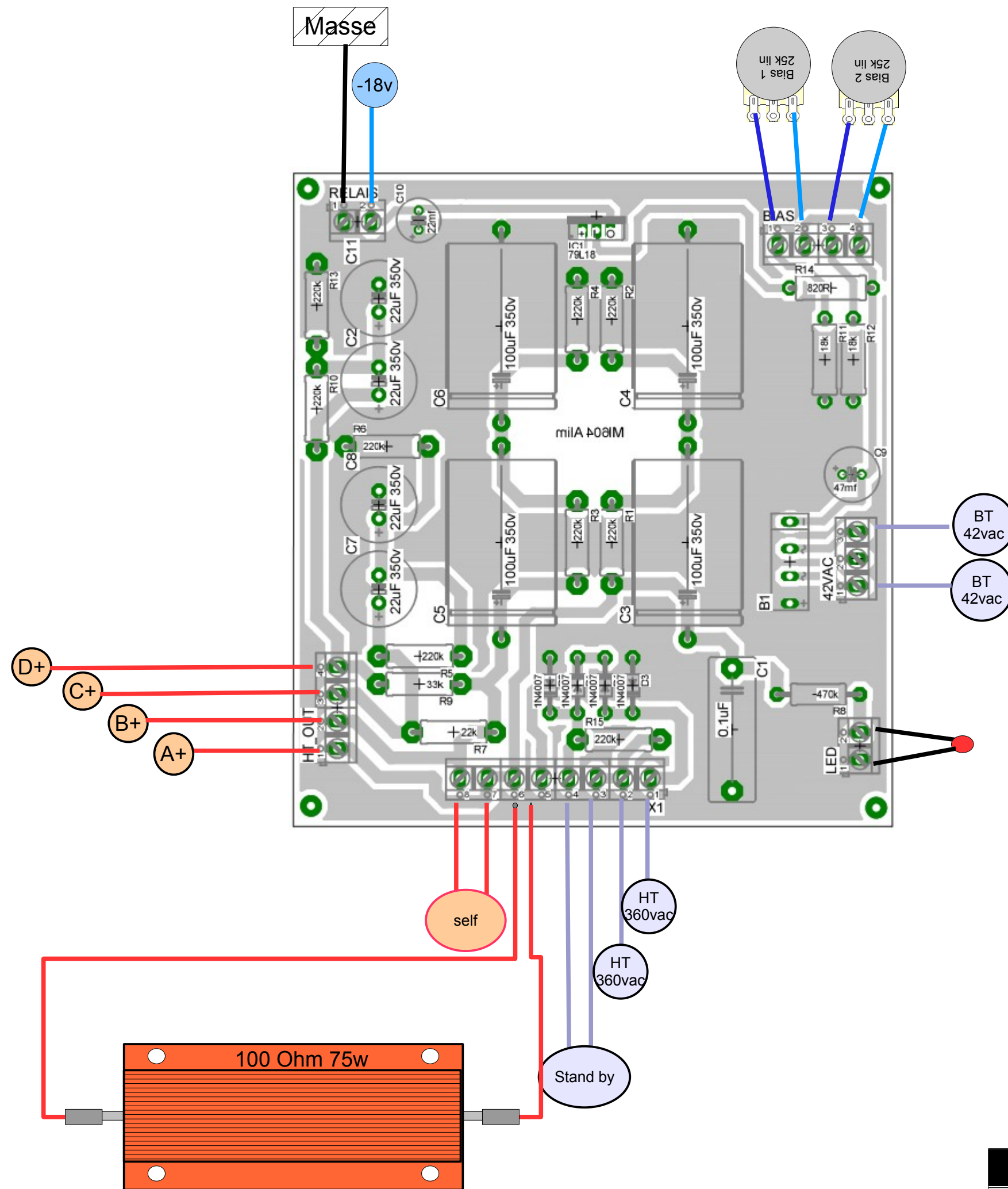


To convert from 16 to 4 ohm, move the green wire from the 16 ohm tap to the 4 ohm tap leaving the purple wire attached.

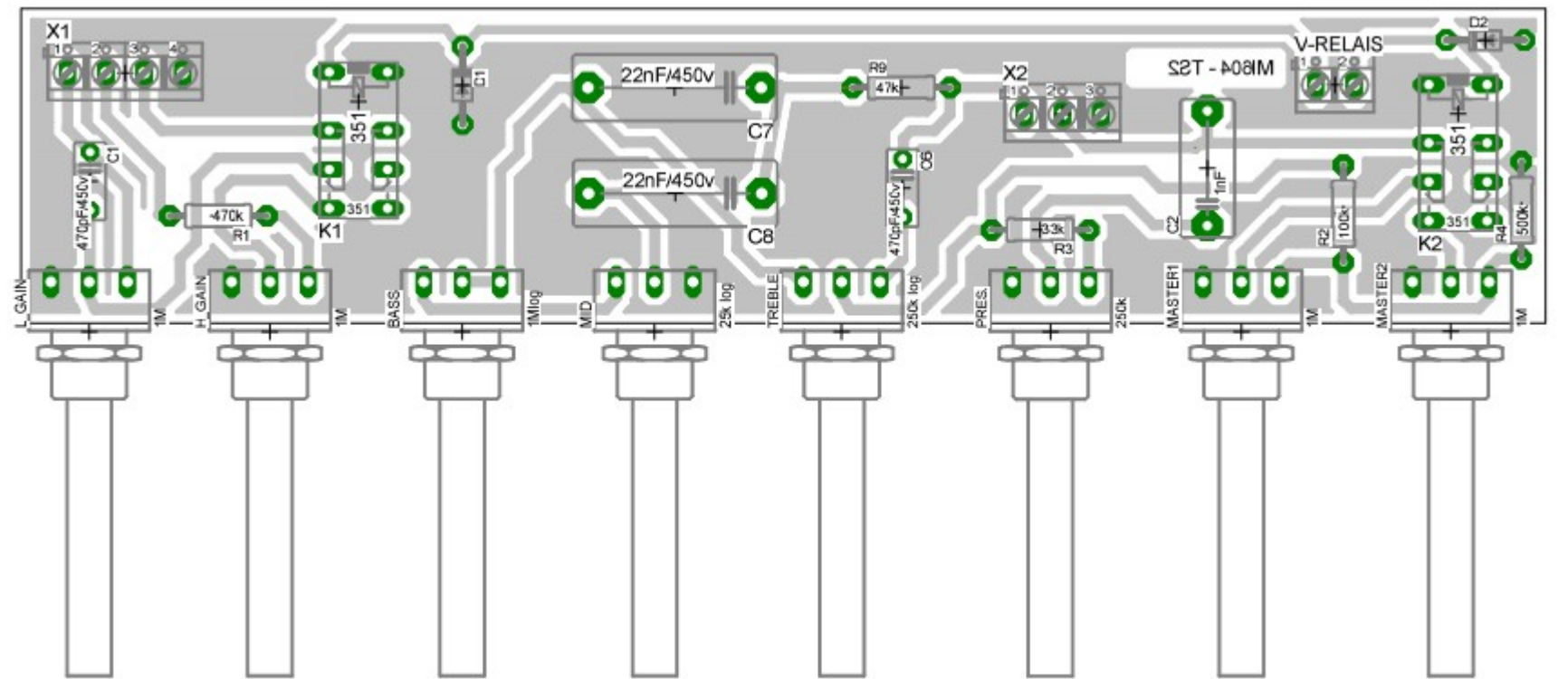
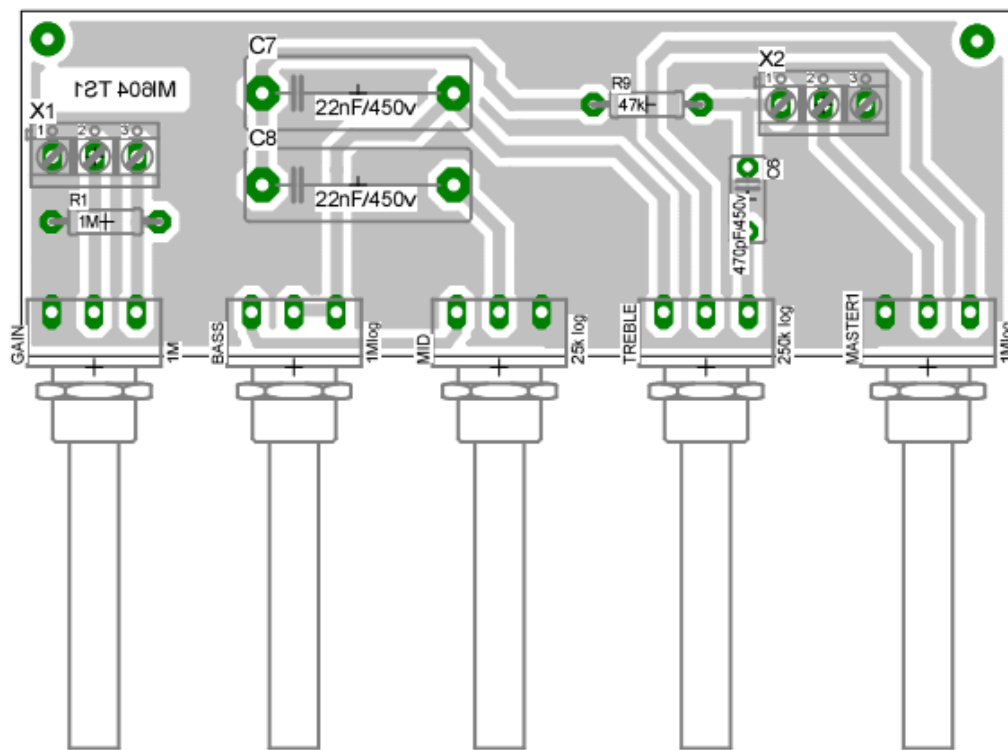
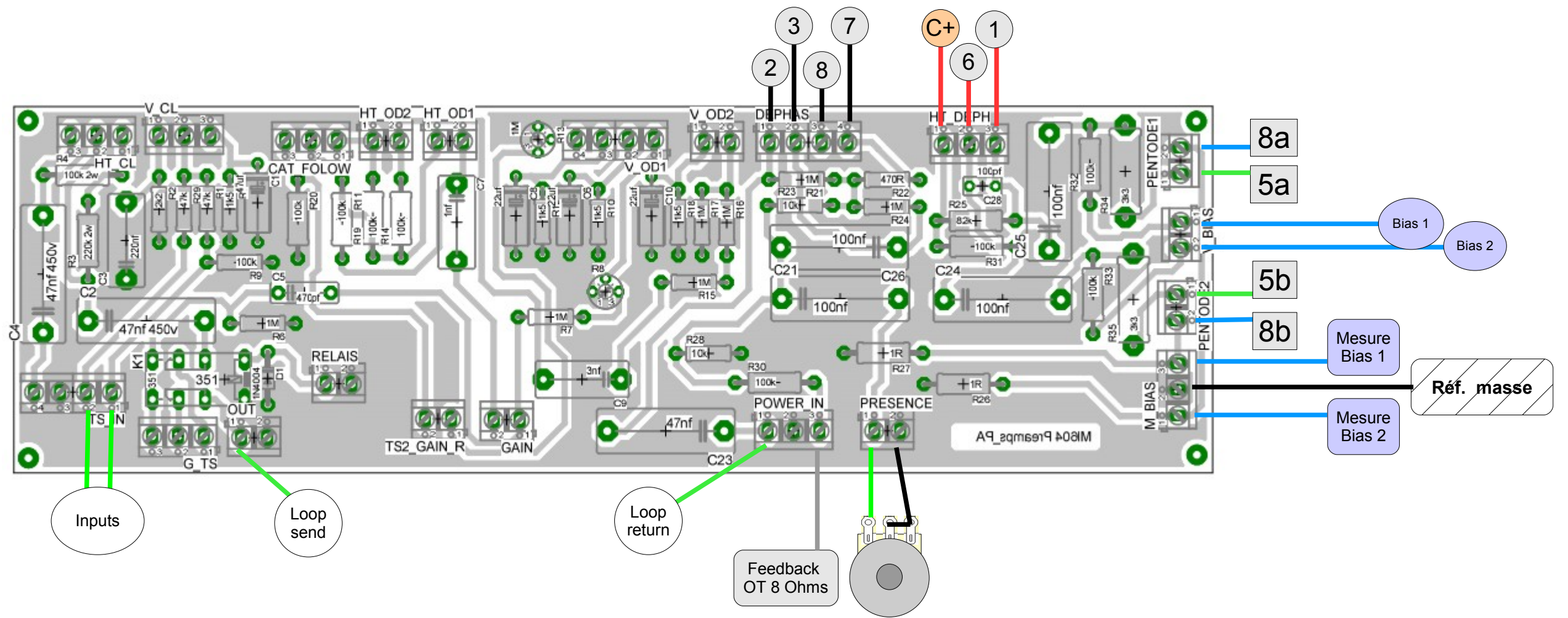
Back to Main



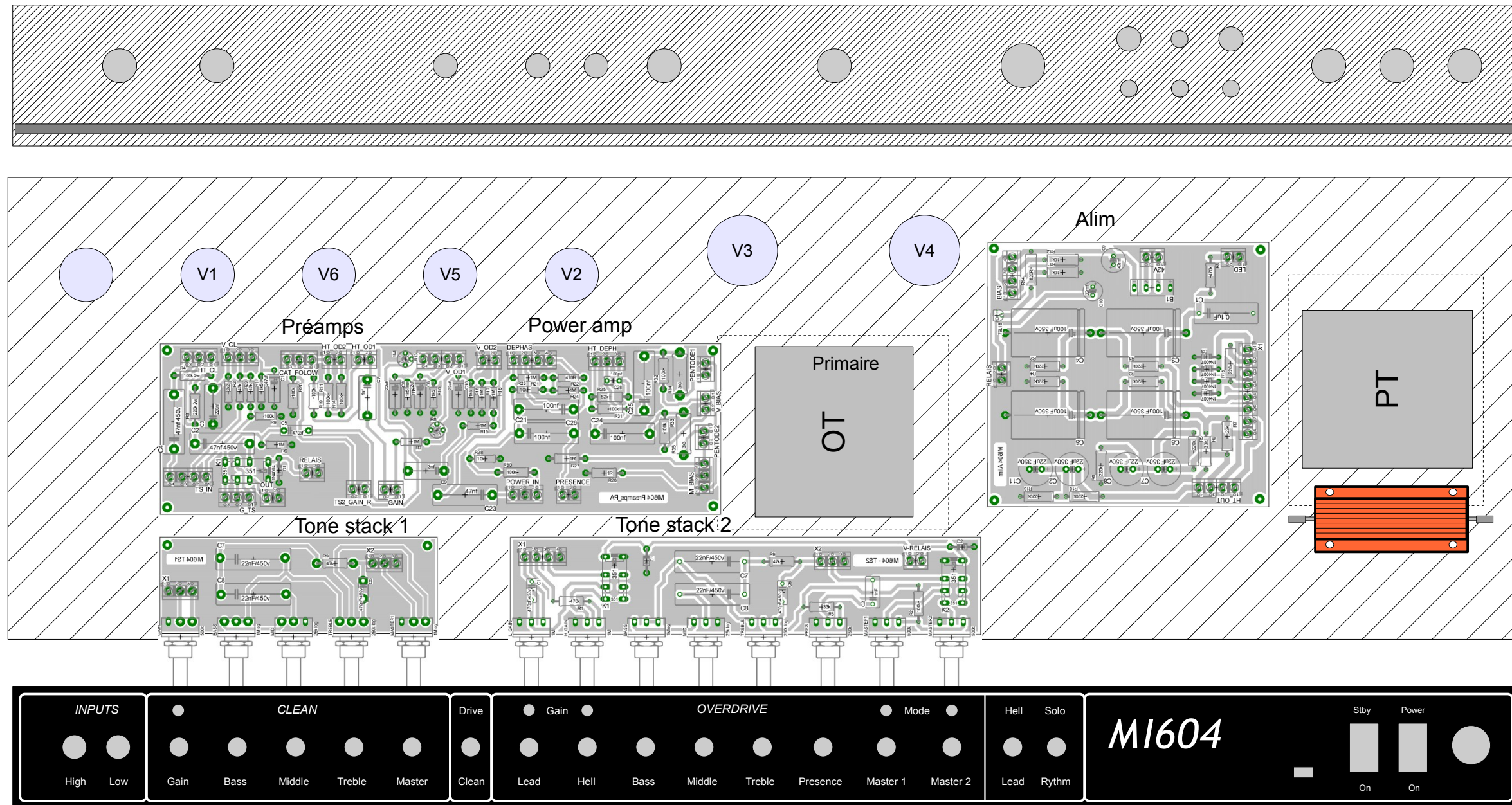




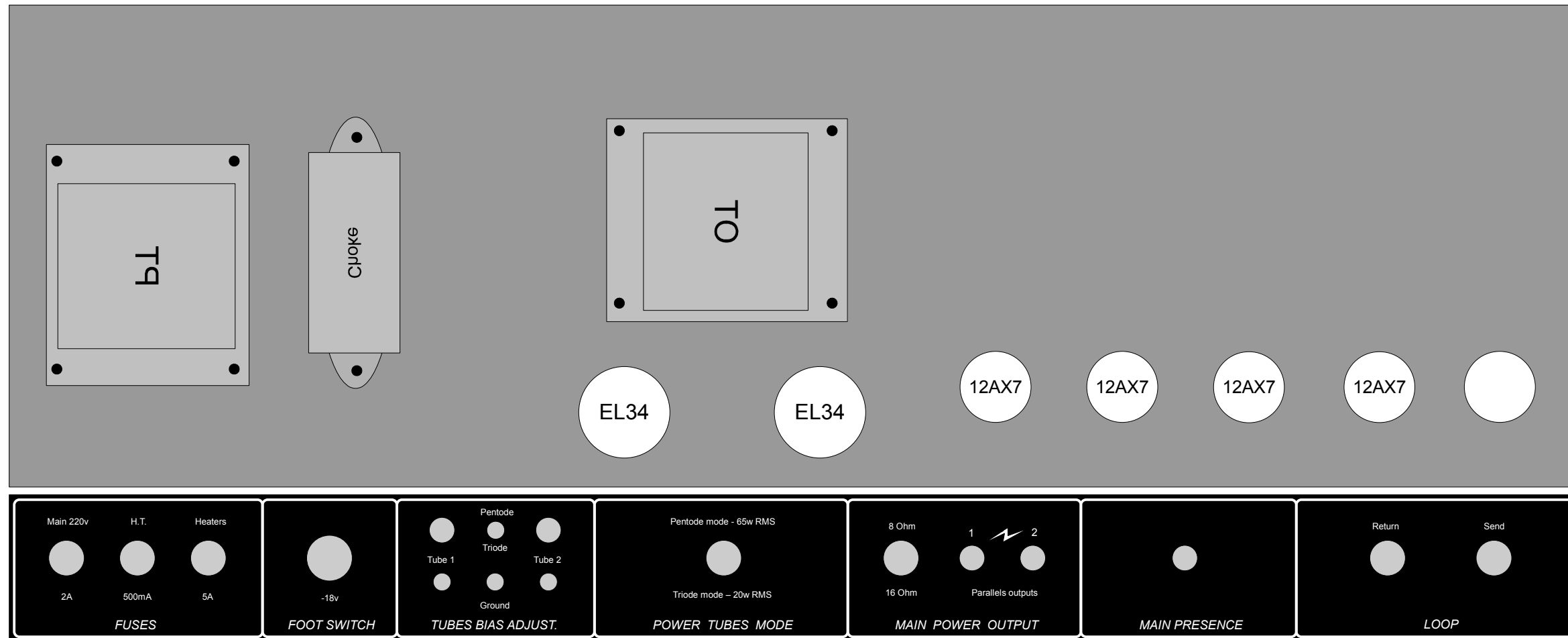
<b>MI604</b>	<b>HT Bias &amp; relay power supply</b>
V1 - 20/11/2007	Layout PCB - JFD



# AGENCEMENT INTERIEUR CHASSIS



# EXTERIEUR CHASSIS



<b>MI604</b>	<b>Exterieur chassis</b>
V2 - 25/11/2007	